Sheikh Zayed Islamic Centre University of the Punjab, Lahore Course Outline



| Programme | BS Islamic Studies | Course Code | ISQH- 304 | Credit Hours | 3 | |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Course Title | Islam and Modern Pol | itical Thoughts | 5 | Semester | VI | |
| Course Introduction | | | | | | |
| This course aims to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the intersection between Islam and modern political ideologies and systems. Through a critical analysis of various political theories and movements, students will explore how Islamic principles and values can be applied to contemporary political contexts. The course will delve into topics such as the relationship between religion and state, governance in Islamic principles, Islamic political thought, and the challenges and opportunities presented by modern political ideologies. | | | | | | |
| Learning Outcomes | | | | | | |
| On the completion of the course, the students will: 1. Students will gain insight into how Islam, as a religion, intersects with modern political ideologies and systems. They will learn how Islamic political thought has evolved and adapted to contemporary political contexts. 2. The course encourages critical thinking by requiring students to analyze and assess the compatibility and conflicts between Islamic principles and modern political thought. They will develop the ability to critically evaluate the political ideas presented in Islamic texts and contemporary political theories. 3. Studying Islam and modern political thought fosters cultural sensitivity and an appreciation for diversity. Students will learn to navigate the complexities of political and religious diversity in a global context, promoting tolerance and understanding in an increasingly interconnected world. | | | | | | |
| Course Content | | | | | | |
| | | | | | ہفتہ1: | |
| ہفتہ 1 : اسلام میں ریاست اورا قتراراعلی کا تصور | | | | | | |
| _ج فتہ2: عہد نبوی کا نظام حکمر انی | | | | | | |
| | | | م حکمرانی | خلفائر اشدين كانظا | ېفت ه 3: | |
| | | | | اسلام کا نظام شور کی | ېف ت ه4: | |
| | | | تكاتصور | اسلام میں خلافت وامار ر | ېف ت ه5: | |

10. مولاناسید ابوالاعلی مودودی، اسلامی ریاست 11. مولانا گوہر الرحمٰن ، اسلامی سیاست 12. محمد اسحاق سند ملوی، اسلام کاسیاسی نظام 13. پروفیسر رشید احمد ، مسلمانوں کے سیاسی افکار

Teaching Learning Strategies

Throughout the courses, lectures and cooperative learning methods will be used. Students will work in small groups, discuss class readings, emphasize interaction with ideas, and come up with questions that will lead the discussion toward deeper understanding of the readings.

Assignment Types and Numbers

Class Participation, Minor and Major Assignments

Major Assignments:

1. Analysis of Articles Based on Academic Writing Standards Discussed in the Classroom.

2. Research Proposal Writing

3. Book/Article Review

| Assessment and Examination | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|---|--|--|--|
| Sr. No. | Elements | Weightage | Details | | | |
| 1. | Midterm Assessment | 35% | Written Assessment at the mid-point of the semester. | | | |
| 2. | Formative Assessment | 25% | Continuous assessment includes Classroom participation, assignments, presentations, viva voce, attitude and behavior, direct activities, short tests, projects, practical, reflections, readings, quizzes etc. | | | |
| 3. | Final Assessment | 40% | Written Examination at the end of the semester. It is mostly in the form of a test, but owing to the nature of the course the teacher may assess their students based on term paper, research proposal development, field work and report writing etc. | | | |

Accorrent and Examination